Future Space Explorations in the Bio-Nano Millennium

Leon Alkalai Center Director, Center for Integrated Space Microsystems Jet Propulsion Laboratory, California Institute of Technology

Some of the fundamental questions that NASA has outlined in its 2000 Strategic Plan include investigating how did the universe, galaxies, stars, and planets form and evolve, and what is their destiny; does life in any form exist (or existed) elsewhere in the universe; how can our exploration of the universe and our solar system revolutionize our understanding of physics, chemistry, and biology; and how can we enable revolutionary technological advances in space and air travel, and in other aspects of space exploration, and also benefit society on Earth.

Whereas answers to these existential questions may take us beyond the reaches of our solar system, recent technological advances (such as molecular imaging and others) offer a new perspective of the world at the atomistic and nano-meter scale. In this author's opinion, researchers and technologists at NASA Centers, within the next 20 years, will become increasingly engaged in an exciting new intellectual challenge in which cosmic and atomistic physics meets biology, chemistry, and information sciences. Interdisciplinary teams of scientists, technologists, mission engineers, and information scientists will be engaged in planning and launching networks of in-situ micro-spacecraft, probes, and robotic outposts for the exploration of our solar system, as scientific instruments and as precursors to the development of extra-terrestrial human habitats. Sophisticated robotic systems will be deployed at Europa and Mars in search of water and bio-molecular signatures of past or present signs of life based on pre-biotic chemistry, non-browning motion, or thermal disequilibrium. Molecular scale bio-nano-technology will be used as front-end sensors and nano-mechanical processors for the detection of early signatures of life in extreme environmental conditions. Similar technologies may be applied to the launching of autonomous nano-scale robotic vehicles, placed within the human body (within red or white blood cells) to navigate and search for bio-molecular signatures of cells that exhibit anomalous behavior. Such tools will facilitate human space exploration, as well as human health care on Earth. This author will outline some preliminary concepts currently under study that illustrate some of the visionary applications of bio-nano technology to space exploration and human health care.

References:

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